comparable services or construction performed or goods sold by independent persons.

- (b) A finding by the Commission that a subsidiary company of a registered holding company (other than a mutual service company) is so organized and conducted or to be conducted, as to meet the requirements of section 13(b) of the Act (49 Stat. 825; 15 U.S.C. 79m) with respect to reasonable assurance of efficient and economical performance of services or construction or sale of goods for the benefit of associate companies, at cost fairly and equitably allocated among them (or as permitted by §250.90), will be made only pursuant to a declaration filed with the Commission on Form U-13-1, as specified in the instructions for that form, by such company or the persons proposing to organize it.
- (c) Within a reasonable time after the filing of an application for approval of a mutual service company, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, enter an order granting or refusing approval or otherwise disposing of the application.
- (d) Within a reasonable time after the filing of a declaration with respect to the organization and conduct of business of a subsidiary service company, the Commission shall, after notice and opportunity for hearing, enter an order finding that the company's organization and conduct of business meet the requirements of section 13(b) of the Act, or refusing so to find, or otherwise disposing of the declaration.
- (e) Unless the Commission shall otherwise by order provide, the approval of a mutual service company, or the finding that a subsidiary service company's organization and conduct of business are sufficient to meet the requirements of section 13(b) of the Act, shall continue in effect until the Commission, after notice and opportunity for hearing, shall find that the conditions which led to such approval or finding are not satisfied or shall find that the company in question has persistently violated a provision of section 13 of the Act, or of any rule, regulation, or order of the Commission.

§ 250.89 Termination of contracts.

Every service, sales, or construction contract made after April 1, 1936, between a registered holding company and an associate company thereof which is a public utility company, a mutual service company, or a company engaged in the business of performing services or construction for, or selling goods to, associate public utility companies, or between a subsidiary company of a registered holding company (including a mutual service company) and any associate company thereof, shall contain provision for its termination to the extent that performance may conflict with any rule, regulation or order of the Commission adopted before or after the making of such contract.

§ 250.90 Transactions limited to cost.

- (a) Except as permitted by this section, or any other appliable rule, regulation, or order of the Commission:
- (1) No registered holding company shall perform any service or construction for, or sell any goods to, any associate company thereof which is a public utility company, a mutual service company, or a company engaged in the business of performing service or construction for, or selling goods to, associate public utility companies, or enter into any contract to do so, and
- (2) No subsidiary company of a registered holding company (including a mutual service company) shall perform any service or construction for, or sell any goods to, any associate company thereof, or enter into any contract to do so, at more than cost as determined pursuant to §250.91 or any other applicable rule, regulation, or order of the Commission, or in the absence thereof, in accordance with sound methods of determining cost. In the case of a sale of used goods the price shall be not more than cost less depreciation. Any charges on a basis of estimated cost shall be readjusted to actual cost at least annually, if for services or goods, and upon completion of individual projects, in case of construction.
- (b) In the case of construction for an associate company of a specific project, building, or unit on which substantial expenses were incurred before August 26, 1935, pursuant to a contract

§ 250.91

made before that date, the holding company or subsidiary performing the construction shall be entitled to the proportion of its profit or fee earned prior to April 1, 1936.

- (c) If a sale of goods is merely incidental to a sale of an entire business or a substantial portion thereof, or to a sale of assets other than goods, a lump sum price for the entire transaction may include such goods without the assignment of a specific portion of the price to the cost of such goods.
- (d) The price of services, construction, or goods need not be limited to cost although the transaction comes within the terms of paragraph (a) of this section if:
- (1) Neither the company performing the services or construction, or selling the goods, nor the associate company receiving such services or construction, or buying such goods, is (i) a public utility or holding company, (ii) an investment company or investment trust, including any company or trust which is a medium of investment in securities for the benefit of a registered holding company or its employees or officers, or (iii) a company engaged in the business of selling goods to associate companies or performing services or construction, or (iv) a company controlling, directly or indirectly, any company specified in paragraph (d)(1) (i), (ii), or (iii) of this section; or
- (2) Such transaction consists of a sale of goods produced by the seller.

§ 250.91 Determination of cost.

- (a) Subject to the provisions of this section and of any other applicable rule, regulation, or order of the Commission, a transaction shall be deemed to be performed at not more than cost if the price (taking into account all charges) does not exceed a fair and equitable allocation of expenses (including the price paid for goods) plus reasonable compensation for necessary capital procured through the issuance of capital stock (or similar securities of an unincorporated company).
- (b) Direct charges shall be made so far as costs can be identified and related to the particular tranactions involved without excessive effort or expense. Other elements of cost, including taxes, interest, other overhead, and

compensation for the use of capital procured by the issuance of capital stock (or similar securities of an unincorporated company) shall be fairly and equitably allocated. Interest on borrowed capital and compensation for the use of capital shall represent a reasonable return on only the amount of capital reasonably necessary for the performance of services or construction for, or the selling of goods to, customers for whom transactions are required by the rules of the Commission to be performed at cost. Such amount shall not include the cost of assignment of, or any capitalization of, any service, sales, or construction contract.

- (c) Any expense (including the price paid for goods) incurred in a transaction with an associate company of the performing or selling company (directly or through one or more other associate companies thereof), to the extent that it exceeds the cost of such transaction to such associate company, shall not be included in determining cost to such performing or selling company.
- (d) Any expense (including the price paid for goods) incurred in a transaction with a person other than an associate company but not at arm'slength, to the extent that it exceeds the expense at which the performing or selling company might reasonably be expected to obtain elsewhere, or to furnish itself, comparable performance, goods, capital, or other items of expense involved (giving due regard to quality, quantity, regularity of supply, and other factors entering into the calculation of a fair price), shall not be included in determining cost to such performing or selling company.

§ 250.92 Sales of goods produced by seller.

- (a) No registered holding company shall sell any goods produced by it to any associate company thereof which is a public utility company, a mutual service company, or a company engaged in the business of performing services or construction for, or selling goods to, associate public utility companies, or enter into any contract to do so, and,
- (b) No subsidiary company of a registered holding company (including a